§ 20.27

§20.241 and industrial alcohol user permits, Form 5150.9, required under this part.

[T.D. ATF-435, 66 FR 5474, Jan. 19, 2001]

§ 20.27 Right of entry and examination.

An appropriate TTB officer may enter, during business hours or at any time operations are being conducted, any premises on which operations governed by this part are conducted to inspect the records and reports required by this part to be kept on those premises. An appropriate TTB officer may also inspect and take samples of distilled spirits, denatured alcohol, specially denatured rum or articles (including any substance for use in the manufacture of denatured alcohol, specially denatured rum or articles) to which those records or reports relate.

§ 20.28 Detention of containers.

- (a) Summary detention. An appropriate TTB officer may detain any container containing, or supposed to contain, spirits (including denatured spirits and articles), when the appropriate TTB officer believes those spirits, denatured spirits, or articles were produced, withdrawn, sold, transported, or used in violation of law or this part. The appropriate TTB officer shall hold the container at a safe place until it is determined if the detained property is liable by law to forfeiture.
- (b) Limitations. Summary detention may not exceed 72 hours without process of law or intervention of the appropriate TTB officer. The person possessing the container immediately before its detention may prepare a waiver of the 72 hours limitation to have the container kept on his or her premises during detention.

(Sec. 201, Pub. L. 85–859, Stat. 1375, as amended (26 U.S.C. 5311))

LIABILITY FOR TAX

§ 20.31 Applicable laws and regulations; persons liable for tax.

(a) All laws and regulations regarding alcohol or rum that is not denatured, including those requiring payment of the distilled spirits tax, apply to completely denatured alcohol, specially denatured alcohol, specially de-

natured rum, or articles produced, withdrawn, sold, transported, or used in violation of laws or regulations pertaining to those substances.

(b) Any person who produces, withdraws, sells, transports, or uses completely denatured alcohol, specially denatured alcohol, specially denatured rum, or articles in violation of laws or regulations shall be required to pay the distilled spirits tax on those substances.

(Sec. 201, Pub. L. 85–859, 72 Stat. 1314, as amended (26 U.S.C. 5001))

MARKS AND BRANDS

§ 20.33 Time of destruction of marks and brands.

- (a) Any person who empties a package containing denatured alcohol, specially denatured rum, or articles made from denatured alcohol or specially denatured rum shall immediately destroy or obliterate the marks, brands, and labels required by this chapter to be placed on packages containing those materials.
- (b) A person may not destroy or obliterate the marks, brands or labels until the package or drum has been emptied.

(Sec. 201, Pub. L. 85–859, 72 Stat. 1358, as amended (26 U.S.C. 5206))

DOCUMENT REQUIREMENTS

§ 20.36 Execution under penalties of perjury.

- (a) When any form or document prescribed by this part is required to be executed under penalties of perjury, the dealer or user or other authorized person shall:
- (1) Insert the declaration "I declare under the penalties of perjury that I have examined this _____ (insert the type of document such as claim, application, statement, report, certificate), including all supporting documents, and to the best of my knowledge and belief, it is true, correct, and complete"; and
 - (2) Sign the document.
- (b) When the required document already bears a perjury declaration, the

dealer or user or other authorized person shall sign the document.

(26 U.S.C. 6065)

[T.D. ATF-199, 50 FR 9162, Mar. 6, 1985, as amended by T.D. ATF-332, 57 FR 40849, Sept. 8, 1992]

$\S 20.37$ Filing of qualifying documents.

All documents returned to a permittee or other person as evidence of compliance with requirements of this part, or as authorization, shall except as otherwise provided, be kept readily available for inspection by an appropriate TTB officer during business hours.

Subpart Ca—Special (Occupational) Taxes

SOURCE: T.D. ATF-271, 53 FR 17544, May 17, 1988, unless otherwise noted.

§20.38 Liability for special tax.

- (a) Industrial alcohol permittee. Except as otherwise provided in this section, every person required to hold a permit under 26 U.S.C. 5271 to procure, use, sell, and/or recover denatured distilled spirits for industrial purposes shall pay a special (occupational) tax at the rate of \$250 per year. A separate tax shall be paid for each industrial alcohol permit which the permittee holds, and permits issued under this part shall not be valid unless special tax is paid. The tax shall be paid on or before the date of commencing business as an industrial alcohol permittee, and thereafter every vear on or before July 1. On commencing business, the tax shall be computed from the first day of the month in which liability is incurred, through the following June 30. Thereafter, the tax shall be computed for the entire year (July 1 through June 30).
- (b) Transition rule. For purposes of paragraph (a) of this section, a permittee engaged in denatured distilled spirits operations on January 1, 1988, shall be treated as having commenced business on that date. The special tax imposed by this transition rule shall cover the period January 1, 1988, through June 30, 1988, and shall be paid on or before April 1, 1988.
- (c) Each place of business taxable. Special (occupational) tax liability is in-

- curred at each place of business for which a permit under subpart D of this part to procure, use, sell, and/or recover denatured distilled spirits has been issued. A place of business means the entire office, plant or area of the business in any one location under the same proprietorship. Passageways, streets, highways, rail crossings, waterways, or partitions dividing the premises are not sufficient separation to require additional special tax, if the divisions of the premises are otherwise contiguous.
- (d) Exception for United States. Agencies and instrumentalities of the United States are not required to pay special tax under this subpart.
- (e) Exemption for certain educational institutions (effective July 1, 1989). (1) On and after July 1, 1989, a scientific university, college of learning, or institution of scientific research, which holds a permit to procure and use specially denatured spirits under this part, is exempt from payment of special tax under this subpart if—
- (i) The university, college, or institution procures less than 25 gallons of specially denatured spirits per calendar year; and
- (ii) Such spirits are procured for use exclusively for experimental or research use and not for consumption (other than organoleptic tests) or sale.
- (2) A scientific university, college of learning, or institution of scientific research, which holds a permit under this part, and which does not operate as described in paragraphs (e)(1)(i) and (ii) of this section during any calendar year, shall pay special tax as provided in §20.38(a) for the special tax year (July 1 through June 30) commencing during that calendar year.

(26 U.S.C. 5143, 5276)

 $[\mathrm{T.D.\ ATF-}271,\ 53\ \mathrm{FR}\ 17544,\ \mathrm{May}\ 17,\ 1988,\ \mathrm{as}$ amended by T.D. ATF-285, 54 FR 12610, Mar. $28,\ 1989]$

§20.38a Special tax returns.

(a) General. Special tax shall be paid by return. The prescribed return is TTB Form 5630.5, Special Tax Registration and Return. Special tax returns, with payment of tax, shall be filed with TTB in accordance with instructions on the form.